

ANR003 PROTEUS-I

LOW POWER APPLICATION WITH PERIODIC WAKE-UP

VERSION 2.3

OCTOBER 21, 2019

Revision history

Manual version	HW version	Notes	Date
1.0	2.1	Initial version	February 2017
2.0	2.1	New corporate design	June 2018
2.1	2.1	 Updated product name from AMB2621 to Proteus-I 	November 2018
2.2	2.1	 Updated file name to new AppNote name structure. Updated important notes, legal notice & license terms chapters. 	June 2019
2.3	2.1	Updated address of Division Wireless Connectivity & Sensors location in Trier	October 2019

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1 Introduction

The Proteus-I is a Bluetooth[®] module based on Nordic Semiconductors nRF52832 SoC that brings various BLE and low power features.

The SoC has a system-off mode (deep-sleep) that allows to preserve power when the module is sleeping. Leaving this mode can be triggered by pin interrupt, low power comparator or NFC (NFC pins can be accessed on the Proteus-I-EV).

However, in many applications a periodic wake-up from a sleep mode is needed. Therefore the chip offers a system-on mode that wakes on any selected event.

In this application note the realization and test results of a periodic wake-up using the real time clock (RTC) is presented. The tested implementation sets the module to sleep and wakes it periodically.

While awake, the module advertises and waits for incoming connections. Therefore the Nordic "UART Example for peripheral devices" is taken and updated in a few steps such that the periodic wake-up and the low power capabilities of the chip can be demonstrated using messages on the UART.

The test results in chapter 3 show that we can periodically switch between sleep and normal mode. When sleeping it consumes less than 2μ A with RTC enabled.

2 Realization

2.1 Prerequisites

• The evaluation board Proteus-I-EV and a Segger flash adapter



- Software provided by Nordic Semiconductor: The BLE stack Softdevice S132 V3.0.0, the software development kit SDK nRF5 V 12.1.0 and the example code "Nordic UART Example for peripheral devices" (ble_app_uart_pca10040_s132)
- Keil µVision installed on your PC (the example base upon version 5.20.0.0)

2.2 Implementation

The goal is to update the Nordic "UART example" such that the module goes to sleep (system on) mode if no connection request was received during advertising for a predefined time. After a sleep period, the module is supposed to wake up after a predefined time and start advertising again to be ready for incoming connections. To realize the automatic wake-up a timer will be implemented that uses the real time clock (RTC) and the internal low frequency oscillator (so no external 32768 Hz watch crystal is needed).



Due to copyright rules of the Nordic SDK we are not allowed to supply you with a zip file containing all needed files for this demonstration. Please install the SDK from Nordic and add or patch the corresponding files and project settings.

To do so, please perform the following steps:

- 1. Load the Nordic "UART example for peripherals" from the Nordic SDK nRF5 V 12.1.0 and check whether it compiles without errors.
- 2. Update the board file, such that the code can run on the Proteus-I-EV platform:
 - a) You find these changes in the Appendix (Boards.h and AMB2621.h). You need to create and add AMB2621.h and patch the project settings and some files of the SDK's demo project. Following up the needed changes (already contained in the files of the appendix)
 - b) Update the pin numbers according to the Proteus-I design.
 - c) Set the *RTS* and *CTS* UART pins to 0, since they are not used in this example.
 - d) Invert the LEDs. Each LED takes about 3mA, when lighted. Thus we prefer to flash them only for a short time.
 - e) Use the internal RC-oscillator as low frequency clock.

```
#define NRF_CLOCK_LFCLKSRC {\
    .source = NRF_CLOCK_LF_SRC_RC,\
    .rc_ctiv = 16,\
    .rc_temp_ctiv = 2,\
}
```

- 3. Compile the updated code and check for errors.
- 4. Flash the BLE stack S132 V3.0.0 and the compiled code onto the module. Check if the Nordic UART example still does its job. If so, you have the original Nordic UART Example ported to the Proteus-I.



In case, you haven't loaded the Nordic Softdevice onto the chip, erase the full chip and load the Nordic Softdevice on it.

5. Then start with the modifications to realize the above specifications. First enable the DCDC to save current.

```
err_code = sd_power_dcdc_mode_set(NRF_POWER_DCDC_ENABLE);
APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code);
```

- 6. This needs to be done in the ble_stack_init() function.
- 7. Set the APP_ADV_TIMEOUT_IN_SECONDS to 5s for example. This is the timeout after which the module goes to sleep mode, when no connection request was received during advertising.
- 8. Then implement a timer:

```
void wakeup_timer_handler(void * p_context)
{
    app_timer_stop(wakeup_timer_id);
}
```

9. In function on_adv_evt() change the content of the BLE_ADV_EVT_IDLE case. When advertising timeouts, let the LED indicate idle, close the UART and start the timer. Here we also choose 5s as sleep time. This will be the time after which the module will wake-up again.

```
case BLE_ADV_EVT_IDLE:
    err_code = bsp_indication_set(BSP_INDICATE_IDLE);
    APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code);
    app_timer_start(wakeup_timer_id,
    APP_TIMER_TICKS(5000, APP_TIMER_PRESCALER), NULL);
    app_uart_close();
break;
```

In this case, all peripherals are stopped and the power_manage() function in the main loop puts the system to system on mode.

10. Then fill the wakeup_timer_handler() function. It has to re-enable the UART, reinitialize the LEDs and restart advertising upon wake-up.

```
void wakeup_timer_handler(void * p_context)
{
    app_timer_stop(wakeup_timer_id);
    uart_init ();
    uint32_t err_code = bsp_init(BSP_INIT_LED | BSP_INIT_BUTTONS,
    APP_TIMER_TICKS(100, APP_TIMER_PRESCALER),
    bsp_event_handler);
    APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code);
    err_code = ble_advertising_start(BLE_ADV_MODE_FAST);
    APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code);
}
```

- 11. Re-compile and flash the new code onto the module.
- 12. Disconnect the flasher and resource the module, such that the chip runs in normal mode.



If you do not disconnect the flasher it is possible that the nrf52 stays in debug mode.

Also check the Jumper JP4 on the EV board that it is set.

13. Now, you can see that the module advertises for 5s and sleeps for 5s. During advertising, the *LED_3* of the Proteus-I-EV flashes periodically. When the module sleeps, this LED is off constantly.

3 Test results

When running the new code, the Proteus-I starts advertising after power-up. In this case the LED_3 of the Proteus-I-EV is flashing periodically and the chip needs about 1.42mA. When no connection request was received until the advertising timeout (here 5s) was received, the module stops advertising and disables the UART. Since no events occur after switching of these peripherals, the core can go to sleep (system on mode). Until the core is woken up by the timer, the module consumes less than 2μ A. When the timer re-enables the UART and starts the advertising again, the module is in normal mode with a current consumption as before (1.42mA). This will be repeated periodically.

	Operation mode with UART on and advertising	Sleep (System on) mode
Power consumption	1.42mA	< 2µA
Next step	Go to sleep mode, when no connection request was received for 5s	Wake-up from sleep after 5s using the RTC

3.1 Power consumption notes

Please note that the power consumption during advertising time can be decreased either. First of all, it depends on the advertising timing settings (how often an advertise packet is sent). Furthermore, switching off the UART yields in a significant saving of power. This can be a solution to realize a lowest power application with periodic wake-up.

4 Appendix

Boards.h Add the additional case for the Proteus-I (AMB2621) board:

elif defined(BOARD_AMB2621)
#include "AMB2621.h"

And change the project settings, on tab c/c++, Section "Preprocessor Symbols -> Define" of the demo project to use "BOARD AMB2621" instead of "BOARD PCA10040".

AMB2621.h

```
#ifndef AMB2621 H
#define AMB2621 H
/* PINS of the nRF52:
 * The pins are named w.r.t their function in the AMB2621 standard firmware
 */
#define NRF PIN LED 10
#define NRF_PIN_LED_2 1
#define NRF_PIN_UARTTX 2
#define NRF PIN UARTRX 3
#define NRF PIN UARTRTS 4
#define NRF PIN BOOT 5
#define NRF_PIN_66
#define NRF PIN 77
#define NRF PIN 88
#define NRF_PIN_CUSTOM 99 /* corresponds to AMB2621 PIN 9 */
#define NRF_PIN_OPERATIONMODE 10 /* corresponds to AMB2621_PIN_8 */
#define NRF PIN 11 11
#define NRF PIN 1212
#define NRF PIN 13 13
#define NRF_PIN_14 14
#define NRF_PIN_15 15
#define NRF_PIN_16 16
#define NRF_PIN_17 17
#define NRF PIN 18 18
#define NRF PIN 1919
#define NRF PIN 20 20
#define NRF_PIN_RESET 21
#define NRF PIN 22 22
#define NRF PIN 23 23
#define NRF_PIN_24 24
#define NRF_PIN_25 25
#define NRF_PIN_26 26
#define NRF_PIN_27 27
#define NRF PIN UARTCTS 28
#define NRF PIN SLEEP 29
#define NRF PIN 30 30
#define NRF PIN 31 31
// LEDs definitions for AMB2621
#define LEDS NUMBER 2
#define LEDS LIST {NRF PIN LED 1, NRF PIN LED 2}
#define BSP LED 0 NRF PIN LED 1
#define BSP LED 1 NRF PIN LED 2
```

```
/* all LEDs are lit when GPIO is low */
#define LEDS_ACTIVE_STATE 1
#define LEDS_INV_MASK LEDS_MASK
```

// Buttons definitions for AMB2621
#define BUTTONS_NUMBER 1
#define BUTTONS_LIST {NRF_PIN_SLEEP}
#define BSP_BUTTON_0 NRF_PIN_SLEEP
#define BUTTON_PULL NRF_GPIO_PIN_PULLUP
#define BUTTONS_ACTIVE_STATE 0

// UART definitions for AMB2621
#define RX_PIN_NUMBER NRF_PIN_UARTRX
#define TX_PIN_NUMBER NRF_PIN_UARTTX
#define RTS_PIN_NUMBER NRF_PIN_UARTRTS
#define CTS_PIN_NUMBER NRF_PIN_UARTCTS

```
// Low frequency clock source to be used by the SoftDevice
#define NRF_CLOCK_LFCLKSRC {\
    .source = NRF_CLOCK_LF_SRC_RC,\
    .rc_ctiv = 16,\
    .rc_temp_ctiv = 2,\
  }
```

```
#endif // AMB2621_H
```

main.c

```
/* Copyright (c) 2014 Nordic Semiconductor. All Rights Reserved.

    The information contained herein is property of Nordic Semiconductor ASA.
    Terms and conditions of usage are described in detail in NORDIC
    SEMICONDUCTOR STANDARD SOFTWARE LICENSE AGREEMENT.

    Licensees are granted free, non-transferable use of the information. NO
    WARRANTY of ANY KIND is provided. This heading must NOT be removed from

  * the file
#define AMBER AN VERSION 1.0
/** @file
  * @defgroup ble_sdk_uart_over_ble_main main.c
  * @{
* @ingroup ble_sdk_app_nus_eval
  * @brief UART over BLE application main file.

    This file contains the source code for a sample application that uses the Nordic UART service.
    This application uses the @ref srvlib_conn_params module.

#include <stdint.h>
#include string.h>
#include "nordic_common.h"
#include "nordic_common.h"
#include "ble_hci.h"
#include "ble_advdata.h"
#include "ble_advdata.h"
#include "ble_advdata.h"
#include "ble_advertising.h"
#include "ble_conn_params.h"
#include "softdevice_handler.h"
#include "app_timer.h"
#include "app_button.h"
#include "ble_nus.h"
#include "app_uart.h"
#include "app_uart.h"
#include "app_latform.h"
#include "bsp.h'
#include "bsp_btn_ble.h"
/**< Include the service_changed characteristic. If not enabled, the server's
#if (NRF_SD_BLE_API_VERSION == 3)
#define NRF_BLE_MAX_MTU_SIZE GATT_MTU_SIZE_DEFAULT
                                                                                                                         /**< MTU size used in the softdevice enabling and to reply to a
           BLE_GATTS_EVT_EXCHANGE_MTU_REQUEST event. ★
#endif
#define APP_FEATURE_NOT_SUPPORTED BLE_GATT_STATUS_ATTERR_APP_BEGIN + 2 /**< Reply when unsupported features are requested. +/
```

#define CENTRAL_LINK_COUNT	0 ttings-/	/**< Number of central links used by the application . When changing this number				
#define PERIPHERAL_LINK_COUNT number remember to adjust the	ungs≁ 1 RAM settings⊀	/**< Number of peripheral links used by the application . When changing this				
#define DEVICE_NAME #define NUS_SERVICE_UUID_TYPE	"Nordic_UART" BLE_UUID_TYPE_VENDOR_BEGIN	/∗≪ Name of device. Will be included in the advertising data. */ /∗≪ UUID type for the Nordic UART Service (vendor specific). */				
#define APP_ADV_INTERVAL	64	/**< The advertising interval (in units of 0.625 ms. This value corresponds to 40				
#define APP_ADV_TIMEOUT_IN_SEC	ONDS 5	/**< The advertising timeout (in units of seconds). */				
#define APP_TIMER_PRESCALER #define APP_TIMER_OP_QUEUE_SIZ	0 E 4	/**< Value of the RTC1 PRESCALER register. */ /**< Size of timer operation queues. */				
#define MIN_CONN_INTERVAL	MSEC_TO_UNITS(20, UNIT_1_25_MS)	/**< Minimum acceptable connection interval (20 ms), Connection interval uses 1.25				
#define MAX_CONN_INTERVAL	MSEC_TO_UNITS(75, UNIT_1_25_MS)	/**< Maximum acceptable connection interval (75 ms), Connection interval uses 1.25				
#define SLAVE_LATENCY #define CONN_SUP_TIMEOUT units. */	0 MSEC_TO_UNITS(4000, UNIT_10_MS)	/++< Slave latency. +/ /++< Connection supervisory timeout (4 seconds), Supervision Timeout uses 10 ms				
#define FIRST_CONN_PARAMS_UPD	ATE_DELAY APP_TIMER_TICKS(5000, APP_	_TIMER_PRESCALER) /**< Time from initiating event (connect or start of notification)				
#define NEXT_CONN_PARAMS_UPDA sd ble gap conn param updat	ATE_DELAY APP_TIMER_TICKS(30000, APF te after the first call (30 seconds). */	P_TIMER_PRESCALER) /**< Time between each call to				
#define MAX_CONN_PARAMS_UPDAT	FE_COUNT 3	/**< Number of attempts before giving up the connection parameter negotiation. */				
#define DEAD_BEEF on stack unwind. ⊀	0xDEADBEEF	/**< Value used as error code on stack dump, can be used to identify stack location				
#define UART_TX_BUF_SIZE #define UART_RX_BUF_SIZE	256 256	/**< UART TX buffer size. */ /**< UART RX buffer size. */				
static ble_nus_t static uint16_t	m_nus; m_conn_handle = BLE_CONN_HANDLE_IN	/++< Structure to identify the Nordic UART Service. √ IVALID; /+< Handle of the current connection. √				
static ble_uuid_t	m_adv_uuids[] = {{BLE_UUID_NUS_SERVIO	CE, NUS_SERVICE_UUID_TYPE}}; /**< Universally unique service identifier. */				
APP_TIMER_DEF(wakeup_timer_id);						
/∗ ∗@brief Function for assert macro ca *	Ilback.					
 @details This function will be called * 	d in case of an assert in the SoftDevice.					
@warning This handler is an exampl how your product is suppos @warning On assert from the SoftDe	e only and does not fit a final product. You n ed to react in case of Assert. evice, the system can only recover on reset.	eed to analyse				
* * @param[in] line_num Line number * @param[in] p_file_name File name c	of the failing ASSERT call. of the failing ASSERT call.					
void assert_nrf_callback(uint16_t line_r	num, const uint8_t * p_file_name)					
<pre>{ app_error_handler(DEAD_BEEF, lir }</pre>	ne_num, p_file_name);					
/∗ ∗@brief Function for the GAP initializ	zation .					
@details This function will set up a the device. It also sets the	all the necessary GAP (Generic Access Profi e permissions and appearance.	ile) parameters of				
static void gap_params_init(void)						
uint32_t err_code; ble_gap_conn_params_t gap_conn_ ble_gap_conn_sec_mode_t sec_mode	_params; ode;					
BLE_GAP_CONN_SEC_MODE_SE	ET_OPEN(&sec_mode);					
err_code = sd_ble_gap_device_nan	ne_set(&sec_mode, (const uint8_t *) DEVICE_NAME,					
APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code);	strlen (DEVICE_NAME));					
memset(⪆_conn_params, 0, siz	eof(gap_conn_params));					
gap_conn_params.min_conn_interv gap_conn_params.max_conn_inter gap_conn_params.slave_latency = gap_conn_params.conn_sup_timeo	gap_conn_params.min_conn_interval = MIN_CONN_INTERVAL; gap_conn_params.max_conn_interval = MAX_CONN_INTERVAL; gap_conn_params.slave_latency = SLAVE_LATENCY; gap_conn_params.conn_sup_timeout = CONN_SUP_TIMEOUT;					
err_code = sd_ble_gap_ppcp_set(⪆_conn_params); APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code); }						
/• •@brief Function for handling the data from the Nordic UART Service.						
# @details This function will process the data received from the Nordic UART BLE Service and send it to the UART module.						
* @param[in] p_nus Nordic UART Service structure. * @param[in] p_data Data to be send to UART module. * @param[in] length Length of the data.						
/* *@snippet [Handling the data received over BLE] */ static void nus_data_handler(ble_nus_t * p_nus, uint8_t * p_data, uint16_t length)						

```
for (uint32_t i = 0; i < length; i++)
         while (app_uart_put(p_data[i]) != NRF_SUCCESS);
    while (app_uart_put('\r') != NRF_SUCCESS);
while (app_uart_put('\r') != NRF_SUCCESS);
/* *@snippet [Handling the data received over BLE] */
/* *@brief Function for initializing services that will be used by the application .
static void services_init (void)
     uint32 t
                       err_code;
    ble_nus_init_t nus_init;
    memset(&nus_init, 0, sizeof(nus_init));
    nus init.data handler = nus data handler:
    err code = ble nus init(&m nus, &nus init);
    APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code);
/* *@brief Function for handling an event from the Connection Parameters Module.

    @details This function will be called for all events in the Connection Parameters Module
    which are passed to the application .

 * @note All this function does is to disconnect. This could have been done by simply setting
          the disconnect_on_fail config parameter, but instead we use the event handler
mechanism to demonstrate its use.
 * @param[in] p_evt Event received from the Connection Parameters Module.
static void on_conn_params_evt(ble_conn_params_evt_t * p_evt)
    uint32_t err_code;
     if (p_evt->evt_type == BLE_CONN_PARAMS_EVT_FAILED)
         err_code = sd_ble_gap_disconnect(m_conn_handle, BLE_HCI_CONN_INTERVAL_UNACCEPTABLE);
APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code);
    }
/* *@brief Function for handling errors from the Connection Parameters module.
 * @param[in] nrf_error Error code containing information about what went wrong.
static void conn_params_error_handler(uint32_t nrf_error)
    APP_ERROR_HANDLER(nrf_error);
/* *@brief Function for initializing the Connection Parameters module.
static void conn_params_init(void)
    uint32_t err_code
ble_conn_params_init_t cp_init;
                                  err_code;
    memset(&cp_init, 0, sizeof(cp_init));
    cp_init.p_conn_params = NULL;
cp_init.first_conn_params_update_delay = FIRST_CONN_PARAMS_UPDATE_DELAY;
cp_init.next_conn_params_update_delay = NEXT_CONN_PARAMS_UPDATE_DELAY;
cp_init.max_conn_params_update_count = MAX_CONN_PARAMS_UPDATE_DELAY;
cp_init.start_on_notify_cccd_handle = BLE_GATT_HANDLE_INVALID;
cp_init.start_on_notify_cccd_handle = false;
cp_init.start_on_notify = false;
cp_init.start_bandler = on_conn_params_evt;
cp_init.start_bandler = comp_bandler;
     cp_init .error_handler
                                                    = conn_params_error_handler;
    err_code = ble_conn_params_init(&cp_init);
APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code);
/* *@brief Function for putting the chip into sleep mode.
 * @note This function will not return.
static void sleep_mode_enter(void)
    uint32_t err_code = bsp_indication_set(BSP_INDICATE_IDLE);
APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code);
     // Prepare wakeup buttons.
    err_code = bsp_btn_ble_sleep_mode_prepare();
APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code);
     // Go to system-off mode (this function will not return; wakeup will cause a reset).
    err_code = sd_power_system_off();
APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code);
```

/* *@brief Function for handling advertising events. * @details This function will be called for advertising events which are passed to the application * @param[in] ble_adv_evt Advertising event. static void on_adv_evt(ble_adv_evt_t ble_adv_evt) uint32 t err code: switch (ble_adv_evt) case BLE ADV EVT FAST: err_code = bsp_indication_set(BSP_INDICATE_ADVERTISING); APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code); break; case BLE ADV EVT IDLE: /* switch UART off and indicate IDLE, we now go to system on mode +/ err_code = bsp_indication_set(BSP_INDICATE_IDLE); APP_ERROR_CHECK(er_code); app_timer_start(wakeup_timer_id, APP_TIMER_TICKS(5000, APP_TIMER_PRESCALER), NULL); app_uart_close(); break: default: break: } /* *@brief Function for the application 's SoftDevice event handler. * @param[in] p_ble_evt SoftDevice event. static void on_ble_evt(ble_evt_t * p_ble_evt) err_code: uint32_t switch (p_ble_evt->header.evt_id) case BLE GAP EVT CONNECTED: se BLE_GAP_EVI_CONNECTED: err_code = bsp_indication_set(BSP_INDICATE_CONNECTED); APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code); m_conn_handle = p_ble_evt->evt.gap_evt.conn_handle; break; // BLE_GAP_EVT_CONNECTED case BLE GAP EVT DISCONNECTED: err_code = bsp_indication_set(BSP_INDICATE_IDLE); APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code); m_conn_handle = BLE_CONN_HANDLE_INVALID; break; // BLE_GAP_EVT_DISCONNECTED case BLE GAP EVT SEC PARAMS REQUEST: // Pairing not supported err_code = sd_ble_gap_sec_params_reply(m_conn_handle, BLE_GAP_SEC_STATUS_PAIRING_NOT_SUPP, NULL, NULL); APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code); break; // BLE_GAP_EVT_SEC_PARAMS_REQUEST case BLE GATTS EVT SYS ATTR MISSING: We BLE_GATIS_EVI_SYS_ATIH_MISSING: // No system attributes have been stored. err_code = sd_ble_gatts_sys_attr_set(m_conn_handle, NULL, 0, 0); APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code); break; // BLE_GATTS_EVT_SYS_ATTR_MISSING case BLE_GATTC_EVT_TIMEOUT: // Disconnect on GATT Client timeout event. err_code = sd_ble_gap_disconnect(p_ble_evt->evt.gattc_evt.conn_handle, BLE_HCI_REMOTE_USER_TERMINATED_CONNECTION); APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code); break; // BLE_GATTC_EVT_TIMEOUT case BLE_GATTS_EVT_TIMEOUT: Disconnect on GATT Server timeout event. err_code = sd_ble_gap_disconnect(p_ble_evt->evt.gatts_evt.conn_handle, BLE_HCI_REMOTE_USER_TERMINATED_CONNECTION); APP ERROR CHECK(err code) break; // BLE_GATTS_EVT_TIMEOUT case BLE_EVT_USER_MEM_REQUEST: err_code = sd_ble_user_mem_reply(p_ble_evt->evt.gattc_evt.conn_handle, NULL); APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code); break; // BLE_EVT_USER_MEM_REQUEST case BLE GATTS EVT RW AUTHORIZE REQUEST: ble gatts evt rw authorize request t reg: ble_gatts_rw_authorize_reply_params_t auth_reply; req = p_ble_evt->evt.gatts_evt.params.authorize_request; if (req.type != BLE_GATTS_AUTHORIZE_TYPE_INVALID) if ((req.request.write.op == BLE_GATTS_OP_PREP_WRITE_REQ) ||
 (req.request.write.op == BLE_GATTS_OP_EXEC_WRITE_REQ_NOW) ||
 (req.request.write.op == BLE_GATTS_OP_EXEC_WRITE_REQ_CANCEL)) { if (req.type == BLE_GATTS_AUTHORIZE_TYPE_WRITE) { auth_reply.type = BLE_GATTS_AUTHORIZE_TYPE_WRITE;



```
err_code = sd_ble_gap_disconnect(m_conn_handle, BLE_HCI_REMOTE_USER_TERMINATED_CONNECTION);
if (err_code != NRF_ERROR_INVALID_STATE)
                  APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code);
             break:
         case BSP_EVENT_WHITELIST_OFF:
              if (m_conn_handle == BLE_CONN_HANDLE_INVALID)
                  err_code = ble_advertising_restart_without_whitelist () ;
if (err_code != NRF_ERROR_INVALID_STATE)
                       APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code);
             break.
         default:
              break
    }
/* *@brief Function for handling app uart events.

    @details This function will receive a single character from the app_uart module and append it to
    a string. The string will be be sent over BLE when the last character received was a
    'new line' i.e'\r\n' (hex 0x0D) or if the string has reached a length of

              @ref NUS_MAX_DATA_LENGTH.
/* *@snippet [Handling the data received over UART] */
void uart_event_handle(app_uart_evt_t * p_event)
   static uint8_t data_array[BLE_NUS_MAX_DATA_LEN];
static uint8_t index = 0;
uint32_t err_code;
    switch (p_event->evt_type)
         case APP_UART_DATA_READY:
              UNUSED_VARIABLE(app_uart_get(&data_array[index]));
              index++;
              if ((data_array[index - 1] == '\n') || (index >= (BLE_NUS_MAX_DATA_LEN)))
                  err_code = ble_nus_string_send(&m_nus, data_array, index);
if (err_code != NRF_ERROR_INVALID_STATE)
                  {
                      APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code);
                  }
                  index = 0;
              ,
break;
         case APP_UART_COMMUNICATION_ERROR:
APP_ERROR_HANDLER(p_event->data.error_communication);
              break:
         case APP_UART_FIFO_ERROR:
APP_ERROR_HANDLER(p_event->data.error_code);
              break:
         default:
             break;
    }
/* *@snippet [Handling the data received over UART] */
/∗ ∗@brief Function for initializing the UART module.
/* *@snippet [UART Initialization] */
static void uart_init (void)
    uint32 t
                                       err code:
    const app_uart_comm_params_t comm_params =
         RX_PIN_NUMBER,
TX_PIN_NUMBER,
         0,
         APP_UART_FLOW_CONTROL_DISABLED,
         UART_BAUDRATE_BAUDRATE_Baud115200
    }:
   APP_UART_FIFO_INIT( &comm_params,
UART_RX_BUF_SIZE,
UART_TX_BUF_SIZE,
                          uart_event_handle,
APP_IRQ_PRIORITY_LOW,
                           err code):
    APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code);
,
/* *@snippet [UART Initialization] */
/* *@brief Function for initializing the Advertising functionality .
```

```
static void advertising init (void)
    uint32_t
                                err code;
    ble_advdata_t
                               advdata;
    ble advdata t
                               scanrsp;
    ble_adv_modes_config_t options;
   // Build advertising data struct to pass into @ref ble_advertising_init.
memset(&advdata, 0, sizeof(advdata));
advdata.name_type = BLE_ADVDATA_FULL_NAME;
advdata.nclude_appearance = false;
advdata.flags = BLE_GAP_ADV_FLAGS_LE_ONLY_LIMITED_DISC_MODE;
   memset(&scanrsp, 0, sizeof(scanrsp));
scanrsp.uuids_complete.uuid_cnt = sizeof(m_adv_uuids) / sizeof(m_adv_uuids[0]);
    scanrsp.uuids\_complete.p\_uuids = m\_adv\_uuids;
    memset(&options, 0, sizeof(options));
    options.ble_adv_fast_interval = APP_ADV_INTERVAL;
options.ble_adv_fast_interval = APP_ADV_INTERVAL;
    err_code = ble_advertising_init (&advdata, &scanrsp, &options, on_adv_evt, NULL);
APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code);
/* *@brief Function for initializing buttons and leds.
 * @param[out] p_erase_bonds Will be true if the clear bonding button was pressed to wake the application up.
static void buttons leds init(bool * p erase bonds)
    bsp event t startup event;
   uint32_t err_code = bsp_init[BSP_INIT_LED | BSP_INIT_BUTTONS,
APP_TIMER_TICKS(100, APP_TIMER_PRESCALER),
bsp_event_handler);
    APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code);
    err_code = bsp_btn_ble_init(NULL, &startup_event);
APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code);
    *p_erase_bonds = (startup_event == BSP_EVENT_CLEAR_BONDING_DATA);
/* *@brief Function for placing the application in low power state while waiting for events.
static void power_manage(void)
    uint32_t err_code = sd_app_evt_wait();
APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code);
/* *@brief Undo the changes that we did when advertising has the timeout.
void wakeup_timer_handler(void * p_context)
    app_timer_stop(wakeup_timer_id);
     uart init ();
    uint32_t err_code = bsp_init(BSP_INIT_LED | BSP_INIT_BUTTONS,
APP_TIMER_TICKS(100, APP_TIMER_PRESCALER),
                                      bsp_event_handler);
    APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code);
    err_code = ble_advertising_start(BLE_ADV_MODE_FAST);
APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code);
/* *@brief Application main function.
int main(void)
    uint32_t err_code;
bool erase_bonds;
    // Initialize .
APP_TIMER_INIT(APP_TIMER_PRESCALER, APP_TIMER_OP_QUEUE_SIZE, false);
     uart_init ();
    err_code = app_timer_create(&wakeup_timer_id, APP_TIMER_MODE_SINGLE_SHOT, wakeup_timer_handler);
APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code);
    buttons_leds_init(&erase_bonds);
     ble_stack_init ()
    gap params init():
     services_init ();
    advertising_init ();
    conn_params_init();
    // printf ("\r\nUART Start!\r\n");
err_code = ble_advertising_start(BLE_ADV_MODE_FAST);
    APP_ERROR_CHECK(err_code);
     // Enter main loop
    for (;;)
    {
        power_manage();
    3
```



}

5 Important notes

The following conditions apply to all goods within the wireless connectivity product range of Würth Elektronik eiSos GmbH & Co. KG:

5.1 General customer responsibility

Some goods within the product range of Würth Elektronik eiSos GmbH & Co. KG contain statements regarding general suitability for certain application areas. These statements about suitability are based on our knowledge and experience of typical requirements concerning the areas, serve as general guidance and cannot be estimated as binding statements about the suitability for a customer application. The responsibility for the applicability and use in a particular customer design is always solely within the authority of the customer. Due to this fact, it is up to the customer to evaluate, where appropriate to investigate and to decide whether the device with the specific product characteristics described in the product specification is valid and suitable for the respective customer application or not. Accordingly, the customer is cautioned to verify that the documentation is current before placing orders.

5.2 Customer responsibility related to specific, in particular safety-relevant applications

It has to be clearly pointed out that the possibility of a malfunction of electronic components or failure before the end of the usual lifetime cannot be completely eliminated in the current state of the art, even if the products are operated within the range of the specifications. The same statement is valid for all software sourcecode and firmware parts contained in or used with or for products in the wireless connectivity and sensor product range of Würth Elektronik eiSos GmbH & Co. KG. In certain customer applications requiring a high level of safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of an electronic component could endanger human life or health, it must be ensured by most advanced technological aid of suitable design of the customer application that no injury or damage is caused to third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of an electronic component.

5.3 Best care and attention

Any product-specific data sheets, manuals, application notes, PCN's, warnings and cautions must be strictly observed in the most recent versions and matching to the products firmware revisions. This documents can be downloaded from the product specific sections on the wireless connectivity homepage.

5.4 Customer support for product specifications

Some products within the product range may contain substances, which are subject to restrictions in certain jurisdictions in order to serve specific technical requirements. Necessary information is available on request. In this case, the field sales engineer or the internal sales person in charge should be contacted who will be happy to support in this matter.

5.5 Product improvements

Due to constant product improvement, product specifications may change from time to time. As a standard reporting procedure of the Product Change Notification (PCN) according to the JEDEC-Standard, we inform about major changes. In case of further queries regarding the PCN, the field sales engineer, the internal sales person or the technical support team in charge should be contacted. The basic responsibility of the customer as per section 5.1 and 5.2 remains unaffected. All wireless connectivity module driver software "wireless connectivity SDK" and it's source codes as well as all PC software tools are not subject to the Product Change Notification information process.

5.6 Product life cycle

Due to technical progress and economical evaluation we also reserve the right to discontinue production and delivery of products. As a standard reporting procedure of the Product Termination Notification (PTN) according to the JEDEC-Standard we will inform at an early stage about inevitable product discontinuance. According to this, we cannot ensure that all products within our product range will always be available. Therefore, it needs to be verified with the field sales engineer or the internal sales person in charge about the current product availability expectancy before or when the product for application design-in disposal is considered. The approach named above does not apply in the case of individual agreements deviating from the foregoing for customer-specific products.

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You are responsible for using the Würth Elektronik eiSos wireless connectivity product with the incorporated Firmware in compliance with all applicable product liability and product safety laws. You acknowledge to minimize the risk of loss and harm to individuals and bear the risk for failure leading to personal injury or death due to your usage of the product.

Würth Elektronik eiSos' products with the incorporated Firmware are not authorized for use in safety-critical applications, or where a failure of the product is reasonably expected to cause severe personal injury or death. Moreover, Würth Elektronik eiSos' products with the incorporated Firmware are neither designed nor intended for use in areas such as military, aerospace, aviation, nuclear control, submarine, transportation (automotive control, train control, ship control), transportation signal, disaster prevention, medical, public information network etc. You shall inform Würth Elektronik eiSos about the intent of such usage before design-in stage. In certain customer applications requiring a very high level of safety and in which the malfunction or failure of an electronic component could endanger human life or health, you must ensure to have all necessary expertise in the safety and regulatory ramifications of your applications. You acknowledge and agree that you are solely responsible for all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning your products and any use of Würth Elektronik eiSos' products with the incorporated Firmware in such safety-critical applications, notwithstanding any applications-related information or support that may be provided by Würth Elektronik eiSos. YOU SHALL INDEMNIFY WÜRTH ELEKTRONIK EISOS' AGAINST ANY DAMAGES ARISING OUT OF THE USE OF WÜRTH ELEKTRONIK EISOS' PRODUCTS WITH THE INCORPORATED FIRMWARE IN SUCH SAFETY-CRITICAL AP-PLICATIONS.

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The incorporated Firmware created by Würth Elektronik eiSos is and will remain the exclusive property of Würth Elektronik eiSos.

7.4 Firmware update(s)

You have the opportunity to request the current and actual Firmware for a bought wireless connectivity Product within the time of warranty. However, Würth Elektronik eiSos has no obligation to update a modules firmware in their production facilities, but can offer this as a service on request. The upload of firmware updates falls within your responsibility, e.g. via ACC or another software for firmware updates. Firmware updates will not be communicated automatically. It is within your responsibility to check the current version of a firmware in the latest version of the product manual on our website. The revision table in the product manual provides all necessary information about firmware updates. There is no right to be provided with binary files, so called "Firmware images", those could be flashed through JTAG, SWD, Spi-Bi-Wire, SPI or similar interfaces.

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more than you expect



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